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7	UNITED STATES I		
8	WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT SEATTLE		
9	AMAZON.COM, LLC,		
10	Plaintiff,	No. 2:10-cv-00664-MJP	
11	v.	COMPLAINT IN INTERVENTION	
12	KENNETH R. LAY, in his official capacity as Secretary of the North Carolina Department of	FOR DECLARATORY AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF	
13	Revenue,		
14	Defendant.		
15	JANE DOE 1, JANE DOE 2, JANE DOE 3, JANE DOE 4, JANE DOE 5, JANE DOE 6,		
16	AND CECIL BOTHWELL, Plaintiffs-Intervenors,		
17	r lanunis-intervenors,		
18	v.		
19	KENNETH R. LAY, in his official capacity as Secretary of the North Carolina Department of		
20	Revenue, and AMAZON.COM, LLC, Defendants in Intervention.		
21	Derendants in Intervention.		
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27	INTERVENORS' COMPLAINT 1		

No. 2:10-cv-00664-MJP

NATURE OF THE ACTION

1. This case involves the constitutional rights of thousands of individual Amazon customers to read books, watch films, and buy other items without the government learning about their purchasing decisions and expressive activities.

2. The North Carolina Department of Revenue ("DOR") has demanded that Amazon turn over the purchase records of anyone in North Carolina who received any products or services through Amazon.com from August 2003 through February 2010, including the individuals' names and addresses and a description of the specific items purchased. This information was requested in connection with DOR's tax audit of Amazon.

Amazon responded to this demand by providing detailed information to DOR
 revealing the specific items received by individuals in North Carolina and the total amount of
 such purchases, but Amazon has refused to disclose any personally identifiable information to
 DOR, such as the name and address of a customer. As a result, DOR already knows exactly
 which items – which books, movies, music and other items – have been purchased through
 Amazon and shipped into North Carolina. The only thing that DOR does not yet know is which
 individuals purchased which items.

4. DOR has attempted to obtain this identifying information despite Amazon's refusal to provide it, and has threatened to issue a summons against Amazon, which would permit DOR to initiate a summary enforcement proceeding if the information were not provided.

5. Upon information and belief, DOR recently issued another information document request to Amazon asking for new information. Although DOR has apparently indicated that it does not need identifying information right now, DOR has refused to withdraw its requests for that information or to agree not to seek that information. DOR has also refused to destroy or to return the detailed information that it already has regarding the specific items that were shipped to North Carolina unless Amazon agrees to provide other information.

6. Intervenors Jane Doe 1, Jane Doe 2, Jane Doe 3, Jane Doe 4, Jane Doe 5, Jane

INTERVENORS' COMPLAINT -- 2 No. 2:10-cv-00664-MJP Doe 6, and Cecil Bothwell ("Intervenors") bring this Complaint in Intervention seeking declaratory and injunctive relief to prevent DOR from being able to obtain this constitutionally protected information about them and other individuals in North Carolina, and thereby to preserve their constitutional rights to free expression, anonymity, and privacy.

7. This is not the first time that DOR has issued a broad information request to an out-of-state website or other business that encompasses this extremely personal and sensitive information. According to DOR, it is also not the last time that such information requests will be issued. Intervenors therefore also seek to have the Court declare DOR's policy and practice of issuing information requests encompassing their expressive and private information to be unconstitutional and to enjoin DOR from issuing such overbroad and constitutionally impermissible information requests in the future.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

8. This case arises under the Constitution of the United States and the Video Privacy
Protection Act of 1988, 18 U.S.C. § 2710, and presents a federal question within this Court's
jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. § 1331 and 28 U.S.C. § 1343. This action is brought pursuant to 42
U.S.C. § 1983.

9. The Court has authority to issue declaratory and injunctive relief under 28 U.S.C.
§§ 2201 and 2202, 18 U.S.C. § 2710, Rules 57 and 65 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, and its inherent equitable powers under *Ex Parte Young*, 209 U.S. 123 (1908).

10. Venue is proper in this District under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(2) because the events at issue took place in substantial part in this District; because a substantial part of the property that is at issue in this lawsuit – Amazon's customer records – is located in this District; and because compliance with any demands of DOR for disclosure of customer data would take place largely in this District.

11. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant in the underlying lawsuit because DOR's employees, acting under Defendant's supervision and direction, specifically

INTERVENORS' COMPLAINT -- 3 No. 2:10-cv-00664-MJP targeted and instituted an audit of a Washington corporation; directed telephone calls and
correspondence to Amazon's headquarters in Washington; and personally visited and met with
Amazon employees and reviewed Amazon's records at Amazon's offices in Seattle, Washington.
In addition, the cause of the harm to Intervenors resulting from disclosure of their personal
information would occur in Washington, because the information sought by Defendant will
apparently be compiled and disclosed by Amazon employees located in Washington, and those
actions would constitute the constitutional and statutory violations described herein.

12. The Court has the authority to award costs and attorneys' fees under 42 U.S.C. §1988 and 18 U.S.C. § 2710.

13. Plaintiffs-Intervenors satisfy the Fed. R. Civ. Proc. 24(a) standard for intervention
as a matter of right: (1) the request is timely; (2) Plaintiffs-Intervenors claim a significantly
protectable interest relating to the property or transaction which is the subject of the action; (3)
Plaintiffs-Intervenors are so situated that disposition of the action may as a practical matter
impair or impede their ability to protect their interests; and (4) Plaintiffs-Intervenors' interests
are not adequately represented by the parties to the action. Alternatively, Plaintiffs-Intervenors
satisfy the standards for permissive intervention under Fed. R. Civ. Proc. Rule 24(b).

PARTIES

14. Plaintiffs-Intervenors Jane Does 1-6 file this action using pseudonyms in place of their real names. Use of the pseudonym "Jane Doe" and gender pronouns does not signify that they are either female or male.

15. Plaintiff-Intervenor Jane Doe 1 is an engineer and a recognized expert in information systems security. She lives in Raleigh, North Carolina. She is divorced, and has sole custody and is the sole supporter of her young child. She has purchased numerous items from Amazon since August 2003, and intends to and would like to continue purchasing products from Amazon in the future. She does not want DOR, or any governmental entity, to obtain information about the specific items she has received from Amazon, and she has taken

INTERVENORS' COMPLAINT -- 4 No. 2:10-cv-00664-MJP reasonable steps to ensure that this information is not publicly known.

16. Plaintiff-Intervenor Jane Doe 2 lives in Raleigh, North Carolina. She is the
General Counsel of a company that operates across the United States and globally. She has
purchased numerous items from Amazon since August 2003, and intends to and would like to
continue purchasing products from Amazon in the future. She does not want DOR, or any
governmental entity, to obtain information about the specific items she has received from
Amazon, and she has taken reasonable steps to ensure that this information is not publicly
known.

9 17. Plaintiff-Intervenor Jane Doe 3 lives in Raleigh, North Carolina. She is a writer
0 for a software company. She has purchased numerous items from Amazon since August 2003,
1 and intends to and would like to continue purchasing products from Amazon in the future. She
2 does not want DOR, or any governmental entity, to obtain information about the specific items
3 she has received from Amazon, and she has taken reasonable steps to ensure that this information
4 is not publicly known.

18. Plaintiff-Intervenor Jane Doe 4 lives in Chapel Hill, North Carolina. She just
completed her first year at the University of North Carolina Law School. She moved to North
Carolina from Florida in 2009. She has received numerous items from Amazon since she has
lived in North Carolina, and intends to and would like to continue purchasing and receiving
products from Amazon in the future. She does not want DOR, or any governmental entity, to
obtain information about the specific items she has received from Amazon, and she has taken
reasonable steps to ensure that this information is not publicly known.

19. Plaintiff-Intervenor Jane Doe 5 lives in the State of Florida. She has lived her entire life in Florida except for one year when she was in high school. She is a certified public accountant, and owns her own accounting firm in Florida. She is the parent of Jane Doe 4. She has purchased numerous items from Amazon and had them shipped to North Carolina since her child moved to North Carolina. Jane Doe 5 intends to and would like to continue purchasing

INTERVENORS' COMPLAINT -- 5 No. 2:10-cv-00664-MJP

products from Amazon in the future. She does not want DOR, or any governmental entity, to
 obtain information about the specific items she has purchased from Amazon and shipped to
 North Carolina, and she has taken reasonable steps to ensure that this information is not publicly
 known.

20. Plaintiff-Intervenor Jane Doe 6 lives in Asheville, North Carolina. She is a retired attorney. She has purchased numerous items from Amazon since August 2003, and intends to and would like to continue purchasing products from Amazon in the future. She does not want DOR, or any governmental entity, to obtain information about the specific items she has received from Amazon, and she has taken reasonable steps to ensure that this information is not publicly known.

21. Plaintiff-Intervenor Cecil Bothwell lives in Asheville, North Carolina. He is an
elected Member of the Asheville City Council. Mr. Bothwell has purchased items from Amazon
since August 2003, and he intends to and would like to continue purchasing products from
Amazon in the future. He is also an author and the proprietor of Brave Ulysses Books, which is
a small publishing house. Brave Ulysses' books, including those written by Mr. Bothwell, are
available for purchase through Amazon. Mr. Bothwell files this action on behalf of himself and
his readers and customers whose information is also at stake. He does not want DOR, or any
governmental entity, to obtain information about the specific items he has received from
Amazon, or about who has purchased his or Brave Ulysses' books, and he has taken reasonable
steps to ensure that this information is not publicly known.

22. Defendant Kenneth R. Lay is the Secretary and head of the DOR pursuant to N.C.Gen. Stat. § 143B-220. DOR is charged with the administration of tax laws and regulations in the State of North Carolina. Defendant Lay is sued in his official capacity.

23. Plaintiff and Defendant in Intervention Amazon.com, LLC is a Delaware limitedliability company with its principal place of business in Seattle, Washington. Amazon sells adiverse array of items online, including books, videos, music, clothing, and other goods.

INTERVENORS' COMPLAINT -- 6 No. 2:10-cv-00664-MJP Amazon is a defendant in this Complaint in Intervention solely with respect to Intervenors' claim under the Video Privacy Protection Act, 18 U.S.C. § 2710.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

Products Sold On Amazon

24. Amazon is one of the world's largest online retailers of books, music, movies, and other products.

25. Almost anything one can want to purchase is available on Amazon. For example,in addition to books, music, and movies, individuals can also purchase items such as housewares,electronics, clothing, medical products, health care items, and sexual wellness items.

26. The breadth of items available on Amazon enables Amazon's customers,
including Intervenors, to find items that might not be available for sale in their vicinity, like rare
titles and other hard-to-find items, including potentially controversial products that local stores
may not be willing to carry.

27. Many of the items available for purchase on Amazon may be viewed by some as being controversial or offensive. For example, if one so desires, one can purchase through Amazon pro-choice or pro-life clothing, books supporting and criticizing President Obama, feminist or anti-feminist literature, Bibles or anti-Bible writings, anti-gun or pro-gun books and accessories, and Confederate flags or Rainbow Coalition flags, just to name a few.

28. Many of the items available for purchase on Amazon are also highly personal and private. For example, Amazon sells condoms, sex toys, such as vibrators and male masturbators, medical products, such as cold sore remedies, anti-fungal creams, anti-gas remedies or yeast infection kits, and books and DVDs on child rearing and other intimate family issues.

29. Because of the way its business is set up, Amazon collects and retains information regarding each item purchased and the individual receiving and paying for each item. In order to ensure its customers that such information will be kept private, Amazon has a Privacy Notice in place which specifies the circumstances under which Amazon is permitted to disclose its

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customers' personal information. Links to that Privacy Notice are displayed on various pages on the Amazon website.

3 30. According to Amazon's complaint, between August 1, 2003 and February 28,
2010, customers in North Carolina purchased more than 50 million books, music CDs, DVDs,
and other products from Amazon's website.

31. What a person chooses to purchase on Amazon reveals personal, private and profoundly intimate information about that person's life and identity. For example, an individual's purchase history can provide details about his or her political or religious beliefs, organizations or groups he or she associates with, who his or her friends or family are, and whether he or she has any medical, psychological or family problems. That information could be used by some to paint a picture – accurate or inaccurate – of what kind of person that individual is.

3 32. For example, according to Amazon's Complaint, since 2003, Amazon's North
Carolina customers have purchased books on sensitive and private issues like "Bipolar Disorder:
A Guide for Patients and Families" by Francis Mark Mondimore, "He Had It Coming: How to
Outsmart Your Husband and Win Your Divorce," by Stacy Schneider, and "Outing Yourself:
How to Come Out as Lesbian or Gay to Your Family, Friends, and Coworkers," by
Michelangelo Signorile, and controversial movies like "Brokeback Mountain" and "Fahrenheit
9/11."

33. Amazon's customers, including Intervenors, expect this sensitive and intimate information to be kept confidential and private. If it were not kept confidential, there is a realistic possibility that the information could significantly harm or destroy an individual's reputation, family relationship or career.

34. Because of the sensitive nature of this information, Amazon has adopted aPrivacy Notice which describes the specific instances in which this information might be shared with others.

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35. Amazon has not taken the position in its Complaint that its Privacy Notice prohibits it from disclosing its customer records to DOR. Amazon also has interests which are separate and distinct from Intervenors' interests. As a result, the existence of the Privacy Notice does not resolve Intervenors' privacy and speech concerns.

DOR's Information Requests and Amazon's Response

36. DOR and Amazon have been embroiled in a dispute for more than a year over whether Amazon is legally obligated to collect sales tax from its customers in North Carolina.
Intervenors do not take a position on this tax issue; Intervenors are simply trying to ensure that their constitutionally protected information does not become caught up in this larger dispute.

37. In June 2009, Amazon ended all business relationships with its affiliates located in North Carolina in response to a proposed new North Carolina state law imposing sales tax regulations on online retailers with in-state affiliates.

38. DOR subsequently initiated an audit of Amazon for compliance with state sales tax laws. According to Amazon's Complaint, as part of this audit process, DOR agents, under the direction of Defendant Lay, sent information requests to Amazon's principal place of business in Seattle and physically visited the Seattle offices to obtain information.

39. More specifically, on December 1, 2009, as part of its audit of Amazon, DOR sent
an Information Document Request to Amazon's Seattle office (the "December Information
Request")

40. Question 16 of the December Information Request asked, in part, that Amazon provide "all information for all sales to customers with a North Carolina shipping address by month in an electronic format," for all dates between August 1, 2003 and February 28, 2010.

41. According to Amazon's Complaint, Amazon employees in Seattle responded to the Request by providing DOR with detailed purchase records of North Carolina customers for the relevant time period. The information provided to DOR included: the order ID number; the name of the seller; the city, county, and zip code to which the items were shipped; the total price

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for the transaction; and Amazon's standard product code for each item, known as the Amazon Specific Identification Number ("ASIN").

42. The ASIN number is the specific product code that Amazon assigns to each item.The ASIN number can be used to obtain complete, detailed information, including the name, title and brand, of the item purchased on Amazon's website.

43. Because DOR already has the ASIN number, DOR now knows exactly which books, movies, music and other items were purchased and shipped to people in North Carolina, including Intervenors. That information can be broken down even further by the city, county and zip code included in the information Amazon turned over, meaning that DOR now knows exactly which books, movies, music, and other items were purchased and shipped to individuals in each zip code.

44. Amazon's response to the December Information Request did not include the customer name, address, phone number, or email address that corresponds to each purchase record. As a result, although DOR knows exactly which items were purchased and shipped into North Carolina, DOR does not yet know who purchased or received each item.

45. DOR has attempted to force Amazon to provide that information. By letter handdelivered to Amazon in Seattle on March 19, 2010 (the "March Information Request"), DOR stated that Amazon's response to Question 16 of the December Information Request improperly omitted the "Bill to Name; Bill to Address (Street, City, State, and Zip); Ship to Name; Ship to Address (street); Product/item code or description." DOR demanded that Amazon provide this information for examination on or before April 19, 2010.

46. The March Information Request also stated that if Amazon did not provide this information, DOR would issue a summons against Amazon, which would allow the DOR to initiate a summary proceeding against Amazon to force it to turn over the information.

47. Amazon did not provide DOR with this information. Instead, on April 19, 2010,Amazon filed suit in this Court against Defendant Lay in his official capacity as the head of

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DOR, seeking declaratory relief and injunctive relief against DOR's requests to it.

48. DOR does not need purchase records that include detailed information about the specific items purchased for its audit of Amazon, or for any other legitimate reason related to tax collection. DOR has not asserted that any of the items shipped into Amazon customers in North Carolina are illegal.

49. DOR has subsequently told media outlets that it did not request specific product information from Amazon, and that it does not need such detailed information about the products.

50. Despite those public statements, DOR is still in possession of this detailed product information that it concedes it does not need. Upon information and belief, DOR has now indicated that it is willing to return the information to Amazon, but only in exchange for additional product information, even though DOR has conceded that there is no legitimate reason or need for DOR to retain this detailed information.

51. Upon information and belief, although DOR has recently indicated that it does not need personally identifiable information at this time, DOR has refused to withdraw its earlier requests for such information and has expressly reserved the right to demand that Amazon provide that earlier requested information to it.

DOR's Policy and Practice of Issuing Similar Information Document Requests

52. The information document requests to Amazon are not the only time that DOR has issued requests to out-of-state websites and businesses broadly requesting information about individuals' purchasing records, including expressive and private information. DOR has issued hundreds of such requests, and it is DOR's policy and practice to issue such requests using the same broad "all information" language used in Question 16 of the December Request.

53. For websites and other out-of-state businesses that do not collect sales tax from individuals in North Carolina, it is DOR's policy and practice to issue information document requests that broadly request "all information" about customer purchases, including audiovisual

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material purchases, shipped into North Carolina and do not exclude material that implicates individuals' free speech and privacy rights. The December and March requests to Amazon are consistent with this policy and practice.

54. Although DOR has now publicly stated that it does not actually want "all information" about purchases made through Amazon, such as the titles of the specific books purchased, nothing in the December or March requests to Amazon make that clear, and DOR routinely asks out-of-state businesses for "all information," without specifying that those details are not actually desired.

55. Although its public statements acknowledge that it does not need to know specific information about which specific book or DVD or CD or other items were purchased, DOR has stated that it needs information about whether individuals have purchased a book or a DVD or a CD or another category of item.

56. There is no need for DOR to have such information. The most DOR might need to know is whether the particular item purchased was taxable or tax exempt, and whether a different tax rate applies – not details like whether an individual likes to read books or to watch DVDs.

57. DOR's policy and practice of demanding information about the details of products, including audiovisual materials, purchased by individuals violates the constitutional rights of those individuals, including Intervenors. The State is not permitted to invade individuals' private affairs by monitoring and compiling information about everything that they choose to purchase.

58. Recent actions by DOR make clear that DOR intends to continue this policy and practice of seeking purchasing information from customers of websites and other out-of-state businesses that do not collect sales tax on the State's behalf. Immediately after Amazon filed this lawsuit, DOR announced a new program called the "Internet Transactions Resolution Program." Under this program, the State is offering not to hold Internet retailers like Amazon

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liable for their alleged failure to collect past sales taxes if the companies agree to collect sales
taxes for purchases made by individuals in North Carolina for the next four years. The Program
expressly states that for Internet retailers who agree to the proposal, DOR promises not to
exercise its alleged authority to obtain information about their customers for previous years. The
clear implication is that those retailers who do not agree to the proposal will – like Amazon –
receive information document requests seeking detailed information about their customers'
purchases.

8 59. Upon information and belief, consistent with its policy and practice, DOR has
9 recently refused to agree not to ask Amazon for personally identifiable customer purchase
10 information in the future, and has stated that it expressly reserves the right to demand that
11 Amazon provide that information to it.

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The Constitutional Rights Of Intervenors That Are At Stake

60. DOR is currently still in possession of all of the information it obtained from Amazon under the December Information Request, including the ASIN numbers revealing the specific items purchased.

61. If Amazon were to give DOR the personally identifiable information it demanded,
including the customer name and address, that information, when combined with the ASIN
number, would tell DOR which North Carolina customers purchased which specific books,
movies, music, and other expressive items.

62. DOR would also obtain detailed information about which non-expressive, but highly personal and confidential, items were purchased by individuals in North Carolina, such as whether an individual purchased certain types of items like sex toys, contraceptives, or medication for private, potentially embarrassing medical conditions. That information is highly personal and private, and a reasonable person would believe that such information would be kept confidential and should not be publicly disclosed.

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63. Permitting DOR to have access to North Carolina customers' reading, viewing,

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listening, and other personal product choices, would violate the constitutional rights of these 1 2 individuals, including Intervenors, to receive these items without intrusion from the government. 3 If Amazon's customers knew that their Amazon purchase records would be accessible by the government, they would be chilled from purchasing items from Amazon, especially 4 5 controversial, personal and sensitive items, and they would, at a minimum, carefully have to consider whether they want to purchase an item through Amazon. Many would also hesitate to 6 7 use Amazon in the future for their purchases, especially purchases involving controversial or 8 sensitive items. Given that many items purchased through Amazon reveal the deeply personal 9 and First Amendment-protected preferences of Intervenors and other individuals in North 10 Carolina, Intervenors might simply not purchase those items at all.

11 64. DOR's information requests are especially problematic because they are overly
12 broad, and sweep in information that is not relevant to the collection of taxes. In addition to
13 calling for the disclosure of private and expressive information for which DOR has no need, the
14 requests also improperly ask for information about numerous individuals who are not North
15 Carolina residents and are not obligated to pay any North Carolina or local sales taxes.

65. Because DOR has a policy and practice of regularly asking for this information 65. Because DOR has a policy and practice of regularly asking for this information 67. from websites and out-of-state retailers and has made clear that it intends to continue that 78. practice, these concerns about confidentiality and privacy are not limited solely to individuals' 79. purchase histories on Amazon, which are the subject of the December and March information 70. requests. If DOR is permitted to obtain this information from Amazon, Intervenors and others in 71. North Carolina will not just think twice about purchasing some items from Amazon, they will 72. seriously have to consider whether they can purchase such items over the Internet at all.

66. After being advised by Intervenors that its requests were overbroad and infringed on the First Amendment and privacy rights of Amazon's customers, DOR refused to withdraw its requests or to destroy or return the detailed product information it already has. DOR also refused to acknowledge the First Amendment and privacy interests at stake. Upon information

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and belief, DOR has now advised Amazon - following the filing of this lawsuit by Amazon and 2 after receiving demand letters from Intervenors – that it is willing to return the detailed 3 information about which items were purchased, but only if Amazon agrees to provide it with additional product information. 4

67. Although Amazon sought judicial relief with respect to DOR's overly broad information requests, other online retailers, especially small ones, may not have the resources or 6 7 desire to do so. Accordingly, if DOR is allowed to continue to implement its policy of seeking broad customer and purchase information in the context of audits, it is likely that the First 9 Amendment and privacy rights of customers of other online retailers, including Intervenors, will continue to be infringed. At a minimum, the prospect of a future DOR information request will 10 chill the exercise of First Amendment and privacy rights by Intervenors and other customers of 12 different online retailers.

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The Effect Of DOR's Requests On Intervenors

Jane Doe 1

68. Jane Doe 1 is a North Carolina resident whose former spouse had substance abuse and domestic violence problems. She recently established a new life for her family after obtaining a divorce from her abusive spouse and securing sole custody over her young child.

69. Over the course of her marriage, Jane Doe 1's former spouse developed a substance abuse problem. As her former spouse's substance abuse problems escalated, her former spouse became violent and threatened to kill her, requiring intervention from the police.

70. In fear for her life and her child's safety, Jane Doe 1 thereafter purchased selfhelp books from Amazon on how to, among other things, understand and deal with her spouse's problems better, obtain a divorce and secure a restraining order against her spouse to protect her and her child. For example, she purchased "You Don't Need A Lawyer," by James Kramon, "Represent Yourself In Court: How to Prepare & Try A Winning Case," by Paul Bergman, "Practical Guide to Family Law," by Matthew S. Cornick, and "How To File For Divorce in

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North Carolina: With Forms," by Jacqueline D. Stanley.

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71. Having to go through this situation was traumatic, life-changing and deeply private and personal for Jane Doe 1. It is critical to Jane Doe 1 that her purchasing record on Amazon be kept private and confidential, and that no one – especially the government – obtain this information about something that was so devastating and personal to her.

72. In addition, as a recognized expert in her professional field, her reputation and image is very important. Her ability to retain clients and procure new business is tied to her reputation. A simple perusal through her Amazon purchase record would reveal the most intimate of family and personal problems, and, without knowing the full story, it might lead 10 someone to paint an erroneous picture about Jane Doe 1.

73. Jane Doe 1 has also purchased numerous other books from Amazon since 2003 11 12 about which she does not want the government to know. Examples include politically-charged 13 books like "Laura Bush: An Intimate Portrait of the First Lady," by Ronald Kessler, 14 "Hoodwinked: The Documents That Reveal How Bush Sold Us A War," by John Prados, and "Body of Secrets: Anatomy of the Ultra-Secret National Security Agency," by James Bamford. 15 16 Jane Doe 1 does not want others to know that she has purchased these, and other, books because 17 she is afraid that they might lead someone to jump to conclusions about her political or social 18 beliefs and values, and that her reputation, career and family life might be put in jeopardy by 19 people who may not agree with the points of view expressed in many of these books.

74. Jane Doe 1 has kept her purchasing records confidential and private, and she has not publicly disclosed her purchasing records to others.

75. The possibility that DOR might obtain her purchasing record from Amazon has made Jane Doe 1 extremely upset and anxious. Had she known that this information would become accessible to the government, she would not have purchased some of these items on Amazon.

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76. Jane Doe 1 has purchased numerous expressive and private items through

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Amazon since August 2003, and she would like to and intends to continue doing so in the future.
That may change, however, if the State is permitted to obtain her Amazon purchasing records.
At a minimum, Jane Doe 1's behavior will be changed as she will seriously have to consider
whether at least certain items can be purchased through Amazon, and it is likely that she will
simply not purchase those items through Amazon.

77. Jane Doe 1 has purchased numerous expressive and private items from websites
other than Amazon in the past, and she would like to and intends to continue doing that in the
future. That may also change, however, if the State is permitted to obtain her Amazon
purchasing records. At a minimum, Jane Doe 1's behavior will be changed as she will seriously
have to consider whether at least certain items can be purchased online, and it is likely that she
will simply not purchase those items through websites if the State is able to obtain that

Jane Doe 2

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78. Jane Doe 2 is General Counsel of a company that operates across the United 14 States and globally. She is an avid Amazon customer, and has placed well over 200 orders with 15 Amazon since August 2003, often purchasing multiple items in each order. These items include 16 17 books, DVDs, CDs, games, magazine subscriptions, and other items. Among items she has 18 purchased are books with overt political leanings, like Michael Moore's "Dude, Where's My Country?" and Al Franken's "Lies and the Lying Liars Who Tell Them: A Fair and Balanced 19 20 Look at the Right," books that may or may not reveal her religious beliefs, like "God: The Failed Hypothesis. How Science Shows That God Does Not Exist," and self-help books like "Learned 21 Optimism: How to Change Your Mind and Your Life." 22

79. Jane Doe 2 does not believe the government should be able to learn what she has purchased through Amazon because that is personal and private, and she has not publicly disclosed that information to others. It is especially important to Jane Doe 2 that her purchasing record remains private because she does not want her political and personal beliefs – and her

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purchasing choices - to taint her professional reputation as General Counsel of a global firm. If 2 she had known that her purchasing record could become accessible to DOR, she would have thought twice about purchasing these items from Amazon. 3

80. Jane Doe 2 would like to and intends to continue purchasing expressive and private items through Amazon in the future. That may change, however, if her purchasing records are turned over to the State. At a minimum, Jane Doe 2's behavior will be changed as each time she purchases certain items, she will seriously have to consider whether to purchase them through Amazon.

81. Jane Doe 2 has also purchased personal items over the Internet from other websites, including condoms. Jane Doe 2 would like to and intends to continue purchasing such 10 items in the future, both from Amazon and other websites, but she is concerned about doing that 12 if DOR is going to obtain that information. It is therefore critical to Jane Doe 2 that DOR stop 13 issuing information document requests that call for such information both to Amazon and to 14 other out-of-state websites.

Jane Doe 3

82. Jane Doe 3 is a writer for a software company in Raleigh. She has purchased numerous items from Amazon since August 2003. She has kept her purchasing records confidential and private, and has taken steps to ensure that her purchase records are not disclosed to others.

83. Jane Doe 3 is an atheist. She is not "out" about that, and Jane Doe 3 does not publicly discuss those personal beliefs. That is especially the case at her job. Many of the people at her company, including her direct supervisor, are quite religious, and Jane Doe 3 does not want them to find out that she is an atheist. She is extremely concerned that if her personal beliefs were discovered, her supervisor would treat her differently, whether consciously or unconsciously.

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84. Jane Doe 3 has purchased several books reflecting her personal beliefs through

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Amazon, including "Godless: How an Evangelical Preacher Became One of America's Leading
Atheists," by Dan Barker and Richard Dawkins, "God Is Not Great: How Religion Poisons
Everything," by Christopher Hitchens, and "The God Delusion," by Richard Dawkins. She is
extremely anxious about that private and personal information being obtained by the
government, and is concerned that such a disclosure would seriously affect her reputation and
career, and reveal her personal beliefs.

85. Jane Doe 3 has also purchased DVDs through Amazon reflecting her political and personal beliefs, including "The God Who Wasn't There," a documentary highly critical of modern Christianity which questions the existence of Jesus Christ, and "Religulous," a politically charged documentary by Bill Maher which criticizes organized religions of all types.

86. Jane Doe 3 has also purchased books on mental health conditions, including
"Malignant Self Love – Narcissism Revisited," by Sam Vaknin, "Narcissism: Denial of the True
Self," by Alexander Lowen, and "Stop Walking On Eggshells: Taking Your Life Back When
Someone You Care About Has Borderline Personality Disorder," by Paul T. Mason. The subject
matters of these books are highly personal and sensitive, and concern the most intimate of
personal and family issues for Jane Doe 3. She purchased these books in order to better
understand the mental health conditions afflicting her former spouse.

87. She likewise purchased "The Seven Principles For Making Marriage Work: A Practical Guide From the Country's Foremost Relationship Expert," by John M. Gottman, in an attempt to salvage her marriage. Information revealing her marital difficulties concerns a similarly personal and private matter that Jane Doe 3 believes is no one else's business.

88. She purchased these books through Amazon both because it was convenient to do so and because she did not want others physically to see her with such books. She does not want anyone to know these intimate details about her personal and family situation, and had she known that these records would be disclosed to the State, it is likely that she would not have purchased such materials from Amazon.

INTERVENORS' COMPLAINT -- 19 No. 2:10-cv-00664-MJP 89. Jane Doe 3 has also purchased several books about cancer, such as "Eating Well Through Cancer: Easy Recipes & Recommendations During & After Treatment," by Holly Clegg, and "Cancer: 50 Essential Things To Do: Revised and Updated," by Greg Anderson.
Cancer is a highly intimate and private matter, and Jane Doe 3 does not want anyone, especially the government, to know that she has purchased such books.

90. Jane Doe 3 would like to and intends to continue purchasing expressive and private items through Amazon in the future. That may change, however, if her purchasing records are turned over to the State. If she had known that her purchase records would be provided to the State, she likely would not have purchased many of the items through Amazon, and she would likely not do so again. She is so concerned about keeping what she reads, watches and listens to private that if she knew the State could obtain her purchase records, she might not purchase certain items from anyone. At a minimum, Jane Doe 3's behavior will be changed as each time she purchases certain items in the future, she will seriously have to consider whether to purchase them through Amazon or through anyone.

91. Jane Doe 3 has purchased expressive and private items from websites other than Amazon in the past, and she would like to and intends to continue doing that in the future. That may also change, however, if the State is permitted to obtain her Amazon purchasing records. At a minimum, Jane Doe 3's behavior will be changed as each time she purchases certain items in the future, she will seriously have to consider whether to purchase them on a website if the State is able to obtain that information.

Jane Doe 4

92. Jane Doe 4 is a student at the University of North Carolina Law School. She just finished her first year of law school. After law school, Jane Doe 4 is interested in working in the public sector, hopefully in a legislative or public policy capacity.

93. Like other students, Jane Doe 4 obtains many materials through Amazon and other websites. Since she has lived in North Carolina, she has received several items through

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Amazon from her parents, who live in Florida. One of her parents is Jane Doe 5. The items she 2 has received from her parents include books that may or may not reflect her political beliefs, such as "Lies The Government Told You: Myth, Power, and Deception in American History," 3 by Andrew P. Napolitano, "Obama Zombies: How The Liberal Machine Brainwashed My 4 Generation," by Jason Mattera, and "Who Killed The Constitution?: The Federal Government 5 vs. American Liberty From World War I to Barack Obama," by Thomas E. Woods, Jr. 6

7 94. Jane Doe 4 does not believe the government should be able to learn what she has 8 received through Amazon because information like that – regarding her potential political beliefs 9 or leanings – is personal and private, and she has not publicly disclosed that information to others. It is especially important to Jane Doe 4 that information about her Amazon products remain private because she does not want her political and personal beliefs – and her reading choices – to tain ther reputation or to cause people to judge her or to think of her in a certain way. Jane Doe 4 is concerned that her prospects for working in a legislative or public policy capacity after she graduates from law school will be damaged if the State finds out what materials she has received through Amazon and what types of books she is reading. Had she known that this information would be accessible to DOR, she would have obtained the products from a different source or she would not have obtained them at all.

95. Jane Doe 4 would like to and intends to purchase and to continue to receive expressive and private items through Amazon in the future. That will change, however, at least for certain items, if her records are turned over to the State. If her records are disclosed to the State, Jane Doe 4 will no longer purchase or receive certain items through Amazon. At a minimum, Jane Doe 4's behavior will be changed as each time she purchases anything through Amazon, she will seriously have to consider what the impact on her will be when the State obtains that information.

96. Jane Doe 4 has received numerous expressive and private items from websites other than Amazon in the past, and she would like to and intends to continue doing that in the

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future. That will also change, however, if the State is permitted to obtain her Amazon purchasing records. If her records are disclosed to the State, Jane Doe 4 will no longer purchase or receive certain items through websites. At a minimum, Jane Doe 4's behavior will be changed as each time she purchases anything through a website, she will seriously have to consider what the impact on her will be if the State obtains that information.

Jane Doe 5

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97. Jane Doe 5 is Jane Doe 4's parent. She is a certified public accountant, who owns her own accounting firm in Florida. She is a resident of the State of Florida, and has no ties with the State of North Carolina other than the fact that her child now goes to school in North Carolina.

98. Jane Doe 5 has purchased numerous items through Amazon, some of which are detailed in paragraph 93, *supra*, and had them shipped to her child in North Carolina since she moved there in 2009.

99. Jane Doe 5 has kept her purchasing records confidential and private, and she hasnot publicly disclosed her purchasing records to others.

100. DOR's requests to Amazon call for the disclosure of information about Jane Doe 16 5 - the purchaser. DOR specifically told Amazon that its responses were deficient because, 17 18 among other things, they do not provide identifying information about the purchaser - i.e., the "Bill to Name; [and] Bill to Address (Street, City, State, and Zip)." If Amazon is forced to turn 19 20 over this information, Jane Doe 5's constitutionally protected purchasing choices – the personal, private items she has chosen to purchase for her child – will also be obtained by DOR, even 21 22 though Jane Doe 5 is a Florida resident and has no ties to North Carolina. There is no reason or 23 justification for DOR to receive information about a Florida resident like Jane Doe 5.

101. Many of the items Jane Doe 5 has purchased are political in nature. Jane Doe 5
does not want any governmental entity to know what her political views or beliefs are, or to
know what books she chooses to purchase.

INTERVENORS' COMPLAINT -- 22 No. 2:10-cv-00664-MJP 102. Jane Doe 5 is extremely concerned that if her purchasing records and her political beliefs are disclosed, she will lose clients and put her professional reputation and career at risk. The nature of Jane Doe 5's practice causes her to work with bankers, trust officers, attorneys, stock brokers, and other CPAs, many of whom do not share her political views and many of whom likely would be put off by some of the items that she has purchased for her child. She has substantial concerns that if her personal views become known, her relationships with these individuals, many of whom are sources of referrals, will be destroyed.

8 103. Jane Doe 5 purchased many of the books for her child after having discussions 9 with her child about the books and their subject matters. Those parent-child communications are 10 deeply personal and private, and Jane Doe 5 does not want the government to intrude on such 11 conversations and to know what she is discussing with her child. Jane Doe 5's discussions with 12 her child are so private that even Jane Doe 5's spouse does not know the specific books that Jane 13 Doe 5 has purchased for their child.

14 104. Had Jane Doe 5 known that her purchasing information would be accessible to
15 DOR, she would have obtained the products from a different source or she would not have
16 obtained them at all.

105. Jane Doe 5 would like to and intends to continue purchasing and sending 17 18 expressive and private items to her child through Amazon in the future. That is especially the 19 case because her child lives in another state. That will change, however, at least for certain 20 items, if her records are turned over to the State. If her records are disclosed to the State, Jane Doe 5 will no longer purchase certain items through Amazon. Instead, she will likely purchase 21 them at a local bookstore, using cash to ensure that government does not obtain her private 22 23 purchasing information. At a minimum, Jane Doe 5's behavior will be changed as each time she purchases anything through Amazon, she will seriously have to consider whether the State will 24 obtain that information. 25

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106. Jane Doe 5 has purchased numerous expressive and private items from websites

INTERVENORS' COMPLAINT -- 23 No. 2:10-cv-00664-MJP other than Amazon in the past, and she would like to and intends to continue doing that in the
future. That will also change, however, if the State is permitted to obtain her Amazon
purchasing records. If her records are disclosed to the State, Jane Doe 5 will no longer purchase
or receive certain items through websites. At a minimum, Jane Doe 5's behavior will be changed
as each time she purchases anything through a website, she will seriously have to consider
whether the State will obtain that information.

Jane Doe 6

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8 107. Jane Doe 6 is a retired lawyer who now lives in Asheville, North Carolina. She
9 has purchased numerous items from Amazon since 2003, including many books with potentially
10 controversial, sensitive and revealing subject matters, such as "The Stages of Meditation," by the
11 Dalai Lama, and "The Things They Carried," by Tim O'Brien, a book about the Vietnam War.

12 108. Jane Doe 6 does not believe the government should be able to learn what she has
13 received through Amazon because that is personal and private, and she has not publicly disclosed
14 that information to others. Nor did she have any reason to believe it would be accessible to the
15 State. Had she known that this information would be accessible to DOR, Jane Doe 6 would have
16 considered purchasing the items from another source.

17 109. Jane Doe 6 would like to and intends to continue purchasing and receiving
18 expressive and private items through Amazon in the future. That may change, however, at least
19 for certain items, if her records are turned over to the State. At a minimum, Jane Doe 6's
20 behavior will be changed as each time she purchases certain items, she will seriously consider
21 whether to purchase certain items through Amazon and what it would mean if the State obtained
22 that information.

110. Jane Doe 6 has purchased expressive and private items from websites other thanAmazon in the past, and she would like to and intends to continue doing that in the future. Thatmay also change, however, at least for certain items, if her records are turned over to the State.At a minimum, Jane Doe 6's behavior will be changed as each time she purchases certain items

through a website, she will seriously consider whether to purchase those items through a website and what it would mean if the State obtained that information.

Cecil Bothwell

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Cecil Bothwell is an elected Member of the Asheville City Council. He is also an 111. author and the proprietor of Brave Ulysses Books, a publishing house. Books published by Brave Ulysses, including those written by Mr. Bothwell, are available for purchase on Amazon, and Mr. Bothwell has himself purchased expressive items from Amazon since August 2003.

112. Mr. Bothwell is a former newspaper journalist and editor. He retired and ran for public office in 2009. He was elected to the Asheville City Council in November 2009, and is currently serving a four-year term.

Mr. Bothwell is an atheist. His political opponents seized on that fact following 113. 12 his election and undertook high profile, public efforts to attempt to prevent him from being 13 sworn in to office pursuant to a provision of the North Carolina state Constitution which purports 14 to prohibit anyone who "den[ies] the being of Almighty God" from holding public office.

114. Mr. Bothwell eventually overcame that challenge and was permitted to take 15 office. He was sworn in to office in December 2009. That experience has made Mr. Bothwell 16 17 acutely aware of how damaging and potentially life-altering the revelation of personal and 18 intimate details about public officials can be, and how critical it is to make sure that government 19 does not unnecessarily obtain personal and private information about individuals, especially 20 public officials.

The challenge to Mr. Bothwell's election created a significant amount of public 115. attention, both in North Carolina and elsewhere. Several other non-City Council elected public officials in the State subsequently told Mr. Bothwell that they shared his personal beliefs, but that they could not risk having their personal beliefs become public knowledge, and that if they did, their careers would be at risk.

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Because of this experience, Mr. Bothwell does not want to take any chances that 116.

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his private, personal purchasing records on Amazon will be turned over to the State if they are linked to his name and other identifying information. Mr. Bothwell has kept his purchasing records confidential and private, and he has not publicly disclosed them to others. As a public official, Mr. Bothwell is aware that information about anything he purchases – regardless of its content – may appear in the press or become political fodder for use by opponents, especially if it is potentially controversial in any manner. Although he personally does not believe that there is anything wrong with what he has purchased, he knows that there are some in the State and in his community who might so believe, so it is critical that what he has chosen to purchase and read remain private and confidential.

117. Mr. Bothwell is also concerned about DOR's requests to Amazon because of what
it means to him as an author and a publisher. Brave Ulysses publishes books written by Mr.
Bothwell and by other authors. The vast majority of the books published by Brave Ulysses focus
on issues or subject matters that could be associated with particular political, social, cultural, or
religious beliefs. For example, one of the books, written by Mr. Bothwell, is "The Prince of
War: Billy Graham's Crusade For A Wholly Christian Empire," a highly critical, unauthorized
biography of Billy Graham, one of North Carolina's most famous and popular former residents.
Mr. Bothwell faced severe criticism and hostility for writing this book, and he is very concerned
that his readers and customers will suffer similar adverse consequences, including retaliation, if
it were publicly disclosed that they were reading the book.

118. Books published by Brave Ulysses are available for sale through Amazon.Amazon is a critical outlet for a small publisher like Brave Ulysses, as it is simply not possible for many of its works to otherwise get into the hands of individuals across the country and the world who might desire to purchase and read the books.

119. Mr. Bothwell does not want the State to know which individuals have purchased books he has written and/or authored, both because he believes that the State should not be collecting and retaining information about what people are reading, and because he knows that

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his readers and customers could face retaliation and adverse consequences if their purchases
became publicly known. Mr. Bothwell has taken reasonable steps to ensure that information
about his customers is not publicly disclosed, and he has not publicly disclosed that information
to others.

120. Mr. Bothwell reasonably believes that his readers and customers will be chilled from purchasing his books and reading them if Amazon is forced to turn over information revealing who has purchased his books. That chill will, in turn, prevent him from accomplishing his principal goal: having his messages heard by as many people as possible.

121. Mr. Bothwell would like to and intends to continue purchasing expressive and
private items through Amazon in the future. He would also like to and intends to continue
selling his books through Amazon. That may change, however, at least for certain items, if
Amazon is forced to turn over his records and the records of his customers and readers. At a
minimum, Mr. Bothwell's behavior will be changed as each time he purchases certain items, and
each time he makes his books available for sale through Amazon, he will seriously have to
consider whether to purchase those items or to sell those items through Amazon.

122. Mr. Bothwell has purchased and sold expressive and private items from websites other than Amazon in the past, and he would like to and intends to continue doing that in the future. That may also change, however, at least for certain items, if Amazon is forced to turn over his records and the records of his customers and readers. At a minimum, Mr. Bothwell's behavior will be changed as each time he purchases certain items on a website, and each time he makes his books available for sale through a website, he will seriously have to consider whether to purchase those items or to sell those items through websites.

123. The fear and anxiety over the State gaining access to information about what Intervenors and other individuals are reading, watching, listening to and purchasing is heightened by the risk that DOR would misplace or lose this highly personal data that it receives and/or inadvertently disclose it to the public. Upon information and belief, the records that DOR has

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received from Amazon so far appear to be in CD or email format. Those records could easily be released to third parties by mistake or negligence, as happens frequently when the government and private companies handle private data.

124. DOR has, in fact, recently had incidents in which highly personal, confidential information about taxpayers has been lost and released into the public. In one such incident, a laptop containing confidential information about 30,000 individuals was lost by a DOR employee who left the laptop in her car.

125. Jane Doe 1 has personal experience with the fact that DOR occasionally makes mistakes and does not properly safeguard individuals' confidential information. Several years ago, DOR mailed Jane Doe 1 a refund statement for another individual's tax return, which included highly sensitive tax data. That person was not related to Jane Doe 1. As a result, Jane Doe 1 has little confidence in DOR's ability to keep computer records of private information secure, and she is concerned that if her information ends up in DOR's hands, there is a realistic chance that it will be disclosed.

126. Because the information requested by DOR about what individuals are reading, watching, listening to and purchasing is so personal and sensitive, any possibility that their information could be disclosed is sufficient to chill the First Amendment rights of Intervenors.

127. There are hundreds of thousands of individuals like Intervenors who have
purchased items, including potentially controversial and sensitive items, through Amazon since
August 2003 and had them shipped into North Carolina. The privacy and free speech rights of
these individuals are also directly at stake in this lawsuit, and Intervenors bring this
constitutional challenge to DOR's overbroad document request on their behalf as well.

128. Except through reports in the media about this lawsuit, Amazon's North Carolina customers, including Intervenors, were not given any notice of DOR's request for Amazon's purchase records. They were likewise not given any opportunity to contest the request and protect their constitutional rights.

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FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(First and Fourteenth Amendments)

(Against Defendant Lay)

129. Intervenors hereby restate and incorporate by reference the allegations contained in Paragraphs 1 through 128 of this Complaint in Intervention.

130. The First and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution protect the right to receive lawful expressive materials free from government scrutiny.

131. The First and Fourteenth Amendments also protect the right to receive lawful expressive materials without having to reveal one's identity to the government.

If Amazon provides DOR with the purchase records of Intervenors and other 132. North Carolina customers, including a description of items purchased linked with their names and addresses, DOR will have access to information about the expressive and private choices made by individuals in North Carolina, including exactly which items they are reading, viewing, listening to, and purchasing, in violation of these individuals' First and Fourteenth Amendment rights.

DOR's demand for Amazon customers' purchase records will chill Intervenors' 133. and other individuals' free speech rights and their right to privacy by deterring them from buying certain items or using Amazon to buy such items.

134. DOR's demand for personally identifiable purchase information will also violate Intervenors' and other individuals' free speech and privacy rights by forcing them to give up their anonymity in order to receive items from their chosen distributor.

135. DOR does not have any legitimate interest, let alone a compelling interest, in receiving a description of each item purchased by Amazon's North Carolina customers.

136. DOR has also not shown a sufficiently strong connection between the information sought and any governmental interest allegedly furthered by its request.

137. DOR's information document requests to Amazon and DOR's policy and practice

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of issuing similar requests to other out-of-state websites and businesses are unconstitutionally overbroad because they request far more constitutionally protected information than could possibly be justified by any governmental interest.

138. DOR's information document requests to Amazon and DOR's policy and practice of issuing similar requests to other out-of-state websites and businesses violate the First Amendment and the Due Process Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment because they request information that implicates individuals' free speech and privacy rights without providing any notice, opportunity to challenge, or other procedural protections, to the individuals whose constitutional rights are at stake.

10 139. If DOR obtains access to personally identifiable purchase records that include a
11 description of each item purchased, Intervenors and other Amazon customers will suffer
12 irreparable injury to their constitutional rights to free speech and privacy under the First and
13 Fourteenth Amendments.

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SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(Video Privacy Protection Act, 18 U.S.C. § 2710)

(Against Defendant Lay and Defendant in Intervention Amazon)

140. Intervenors hereby restate and incorporate by reference the allegations contained in Paragraphs 1 through 139 of this Complaint in Intervention.

141. DOR's request for customer records relating to sales of video and otheraudiovisual material conflicts with the Video Privacy Protection Act of 1988, 18 U.S.C. § 2710.

142. Amazon is engaged in the business, in or affecting interstate or foreign commerce, of rental, sale, or delivery of prerecorded video cassette tapes or similar audiovisual materials.

143. Jane Does 2 and 3 are purchasers of prerecorded video or audiovisual goods or services from Amazon.

144. Jane Does 2 and 3 have not given informed, written consent to the disclosure toDOR of their purchase records relating to the sales of video or audiovisual material.

145. DOR has not obtained a warrant, a grand jury subpoena, or a court order for the purchase records relating to the sales of video or audiovisual material.

146. If Amazon complies with DOR's requests for personally identifiable purchase records, Amazon will knowingly disclose information which identifies a person as having requested or obtained specific video or audiovisual materials or services from a video tape service provider in violation of the Video Privacy Protection Act.

147. If DOR obtains these personally identifiable video or audiovisual purchase records, DOR will also be in violation of the Act for possessing private information as a direct result of the violation of the Act, knowing that such material has not lawfully been provided to it under the Act.

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PRAYER FOR RELIEF

2		WHERE	FORE, Intervenors Jane Does 1-6 and Cecil Bothwell respectfully ask this Court
3	for:		
4		a.	A declaration that DOR's demand for personally identifiable purchase records
5			violates the free speech and privacy rights of Intervenors and other individuals
6			in North Carolina;
7		b.	Appropriate injunctive relief, including, but not limited to, a permanent
8			injunction: prohibiting DOR from requesting that Amazon provide personally
9			identifiable customer information or detailed information about the specific
10			items purchased by Amazon customers; prohibiting DOR from receiving that
11			information from Amazon; and ordering DOR to destroy or return any records
12			or past uses of such records that it already has or may obtain containing
13			detailed information about the items shipped to Amazon's North Carolina
14			customers;
15		с.	A declaration that DOR's policy and practice of issuing information document
16			requests to out-of-state websites and other businesses that encompass
17			constitutionally protected information violates the free speech and privacy
18			rights of Intervenors and other individuals in North Carolina;
19		d.	Appropriate injunctive relief, including, but not limited to, a permanent
20			injunction: prohibiting DOR from issuing information document requests that
21			encompass constitutionally protected information about individuals'
22			expressive and private activities; and ordering DOR to destroy or return any
23			information it receives about individuals' expressive and private activities;
24		e.	A declaration that DOR's demand for the disclosure of personally identifiable
25			customer information from Amazon concerning sales of video or audiovisual
26			material violates the Video Privacy Protection Act, 28 U.S.C. § 1710;
	1		

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f. Appropriate injunctive relief, including, but not limited to, a permanent injunction: prohibiting Amazon from disclosing personally identifiable customer information concerning sales of video or audiovisual material to DOR absent the receipt of informed, written consent from the affected customers or a warrant, grand jury subpoena, or court order permitting such disclosure; prohibiting DOR from receiving personally identifiable customer information concerning sales of video or audiovisual material absent the receipt of informed, written consent from the affected customers or a warrant, grand jury subpoena, or court order permitting such disclosure; and prohibiting DOR from issuing future information document requests that call for the disclosure of personally identifiable customer information concerning sales of video or audiovisual material absent the receipt of informed, written consent from the affected customers or a warrant, grand jury subpoena, or court order permitting such disclosure; and prohibiting DOR from issuing future information document requests that call for the disclosure of personally identifiable customer information concerning sales of video or audiovisual material absent the receipt of informed, written consent from the affected customers or a warrant, grand jury subpoena, or court order permitting such disclosure;

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Attorneys' fees and costs; and

INTERVENORS' COMPLAINT -- 33 No. 2:10-cv-00664-MJP h. Such other and other further relief that the Court deems just and proper.

Respectfully submitted this 16th day of August, 2010.

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