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1		HONORABLE RONALD B. LEIGHTON		
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8 9	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT TACOMA			
10	MAJOR MARGARET WITT,			
11	Plaintiff,	Case No. C06-5195RBL		
12	V.	FINDINGS OF FACT AND		
13 14	UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE	CONCLUSIONS OF LAW		
15	AIR FORCE, et al,			
16	Defendants.			
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19 20	Pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 52(a), following trial without a jury, these findings of facts and			
20 21	conclusions of law are entered in conjunction with the Memorandum Opinion contemporaneously filed by			
21	the Court.			
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24	<ol> <li>FINDINGS OF FACT</li> <li>Plaintiff actively participated as an Air Force Reserve flight nurse in the 446<sup>th</sup> Aeromedical</li> </ol>			
25	Evacuation Squadron (AES) at McChord Air Force Base from December 1995 to November 2004.			
26		r excellence in flight nursing performance.		
27 28		was subject to worldwide deployment.		
20	FINDINGS OF FACT AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW			
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4. Those deployments could be with service members in and outside of her specific squadron
- or even outside of the Air Force.

5. The living and working conditions on deployment could involve limited privacy; nonetheless, members of 446<sup>th</sup> AES volunteer for deployment assignments.

6 6. Starting in October 2003, plaintiff engaged in a sexual relationship with Laurie
7 McChesney.

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 7. At the time that plaintiff began her relationship with Laurie McChesney, Laurie
 9
 McChesney was married to Pat McChesney; the McChesneyes later divorced.

8. In June 2004, Pat McChesney sent an email to the Air Force Chief of Staff stating that
plaintiff had engaged in a romantic relationship with his then-wife and that he had subsequently filed for
divorce.

9. The Air Force began an investigation of plaintiff, which determined that plaintiff had been
involved in a prior six-year relationship with another woman, Tiffany Jensen.

10. Also, in the course of her Air Force career, plaintiff had at different times engaged in
 sexual relationships with two female Air Force officers.

19 11. Plaintiff was suspended from earning pay or retirement points in the Air Force Reserve in
20 November 2004, and the discharge process began.

Plaintiff requested and received a full discharge board hearing in which she was
 represented by both civilian and military counsel.

13. The hearing was held before an administrative discharge board of three officers in
September of 2006. At the hearing, which was conducted on September 28 and 29, 2006, plaintiff was
given the opportunity to make a sworn statement subject to cross-examination or an unsworn statement

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without the possibility for cross-examination, and she made an unsworn statement; she also submitted 2 documents and statements from others on her behalf.

- 3 14. After evidence of plaintiff's statements and acts was before the discharge board, on 4 September 29, 2006, the board recommended that plaintiff be discharged under the Air Force's Don't 5 Ask, Don't Tell (DADT) policy, which is codified in statute, see 10 U.S.C. § 654, and implemented in the 6 7 Air Force Reserve through Air Force Instruction 36-3209.
- 8 15. On July 6, 2007, the Air Force Personnel Board recommended that plaintiff be discharged 9 under the Air Force's DADT policy.
- 16. On July 12, 2007, the Secretary of the Air Force's designee directed that plaintiff be 11 discharged with an Honorable Discharge. 12
  - 17. Ultimately, plaintiff received an Honorable Discharge, effective October 1, 2007.
    - 18. Plaintiff's discharge certificate contained no stigmatizing language or coding.
- 15 19. No credible evidence was presented to this Court which indicated that Major Witt's sexual 16 orientation ever had a negative effect on the unit morale, order, discipline, or cohesion of the 446<sup>th</sup> AES.
- 17 20. No credible evidence was presented to this Court which indicated that reinstatement of 18 Major Witt to the Air Force Reserve would have any negative effect on the unit morale, order, discipline, 19 20 or cohesion of the 446<sup>th</sup> AES.
- 21 21. No credible evidence was presented to this Court to indicate that reinstatement of Major 22 Witt to the Air Force Reserve would have any negative effect on the unit cohesion, morale, order, or 23 discipline of any unit of the Air Force. 24
- 22. This Court finds that Major Witt's reinstatement to the Air Force would not have any 25 negative impact on unit morale, order, discipline, or cohesion of the 446<sup>th</sup> AES or of any other unit of the 26 27 Air Force.
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## CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

1	CONCLUSIONS OF LAW		
2	1.	Because it was not necessary to discharge Major Margaret Witt in order to prevent a	
3	negative impact on unit cohesion, morale, order or discipline, her discharge violated her substantive due		
4 5	process rights.		
6	2.	Because it is not necessary to deny her reinstatement to the Air Force Reserve in order to	
7	prevent a negative impact on unit morale, order, discipline, or cohesion,		
8	she is constitutionally entitled to reinstatement.		
9	3. Plaintiff has no actionable procedural due process claim.		
10 11		a. Plaintiff has not been deprived of a constitutionally protected life, liberty, or	
11		property interest.	
13		b. Even if plaintiff were deprived of a constitutionally protected life, liberty, or	
14		property interest, she has received the full process to which she is due by virtue of	
15		having a full discharge board hearing.	
16	Dated this 24 <sup>th</sup> day of September, 2010.		
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21		Konal B. Leightun	
22		RONALD B. LEIGHTON UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE	
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	FINDINGS OF CONCLUSIONS		